GSA Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA): PIA-344

Created Date: 8/17/2021 8:08 AM Last Updated: 2/16/2022 8:28 AM

### Instructions

### **Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA)**

The Privacy Impact Analysis (PIA) questionnaire is applicable to information systems which store or process privacy data. The questionnaire collects information about the types of privacy data which are stored and processed, why it is collected, and how it is handled. A PIA is required based on the results of a Privacy Threshold Analysis (PTA) questionnaire that has been completed for the information system.

Review the following steps to complete this questionnaire:

- 1) Answer questions. Select the appropriate answer to each question. Question specific help text may be available via the via
- 2) Add Comments. You may add question specific comments or attach supporting evidence for your answers by clicking on the icon next to each question. Once you have saved the comment, the icon will change to the icon to show that a comment has been added.
- 3) Change the Status. You may keep the questionnaire in the "In Process" status until you are ready to submit it for review. When you have completed the assessment, change the Submission Status to "Submitted". This will route the assessment to the proper reviewer. Please note that all values list questions must be answered before submitting the questionnaire.
- **4) Save/Exit the Questionnaire.** You may use any of the buttons at the bottom of the screen to save or exit the questionnaire. The 'Save and Close' button allows you to save your work and close the questionnaire. The 'Save and Continue' button allows you to save your work and remain in the questionnaire. The 'Cancel' button closes the questionnaire without saving your work.

 00 Default Layout
 Workflow
 99 Workflow Complete

 Status:

### PIA **General Information** PIA-344 PIA ID: PIA Status: Completed Authorization This is a RPA: GSAFleet.gov No Package (System Name): Assessment 2/16/2022 Is Latest: Yes Date: FISCAL Year: 2021 **PIA Required** Yes (From Authorization Package): **Final FISCAL** 2021 **PIA Expiration** 2/16/2023 Date: Year: **Final PIA** 2/16/2023 **Expiration Date:**

# Override / Reopen Explanation Override FISCAL Year: Reopened Explanation: Override PIA Expiration Date:

Other Stakeholders					
Stakeholders (	Stakeholders (not in Approval Process)				
System Owner (SO):	Chaouchi, Mohamed	Authorization Official:	Samant, Sagar S		
System Owner	System Owner (eMail)				
Name (Full)	Name (Full)				
Mohamed Chaouchi					
Authorization Official (eMail)					
Name (Full)					
Sagar Samant					

### **PIA Overview**

A.System Name: A. System, Application, or Project Name:

**B.Includes:** 

B. System, application, or project includes information about:

GSAFleet.gov

GSAFleet.gov supports the \$1.5+ billion-per-year vehicle purchasing program for the entire federal government. It also supports the \$2+ billion-per-year Fleet vehicle leasing program that covers full vehicle life-cycle management for GSA's leased vehicle inventory. GSAFleet.gov includes the following components/subsystems below:

- Catalog
- Store
- Vehicle Management Services
- Maintenance and Repair
- Vehicle Marketplace
- Business Management

The system is used by the GSA Fleet organization, Customer Agencies, Fleet-related vendors and the general public. Additionally PII may be collected as part of Fleet's Accident Management and Vehicle Sales processes.

**C.Categories:** 

C. For the categories listed above, how many records are there for each?

- Approximate GSA Fleet Management users: 550
- Approximate GSA non Fleet Management users: 100
- Approximate non GSA users:
   35,600 comprising of
  - o 35,000 Customers
  - o 600 Vendors
  - 3,500 registered users on the two public facing sites operating under a single authorized account

Third-party accident records:

Approximately 50,000

Sales records: Approximately 200,000

D.Data Elements: D. System, application, or project includes these data elements:

The following PII information is collected when a user registers for GSAFleet.gov:

- First and Last Name
- Email address
- Telephone number
- IP Address

Additionally PII may be collected as part of Fleet's Accident Management and Vehicle Sales processes.

The Accident Management component of GSAFleet.gov may collect PII when 3rd parties are involved in an accident or incident. The PII collected is required for police reports, third-party insurance, and to recover the expenses for an accident/incident in which a 3rd party is at fault. Data elements include contact information, license and vehicle information and insurance information.

The Vehicle Marketplace component of GSAFleet.gov may collect PII as part of the vehicle sales process. Data elements collected during the sales process include Name, Organization and Address of the successful bidder as well as the amount paid.

Overview:

The GSAFleet.gov modernization effort encompasses the transition of legacy Fleet business operations that includes. The modernization of this system will be incremental with the first Minimum Viable Product (MVP) released in February, 2021. This MVP release will be followed by incremental release of functionalities until all existing capabilities are migrated from legacy Fleet applications. GSAFleet.gov includes the following components also known as Fleet products:

Catalog - The Catalog marries customer needs, industry standards, government policies, and vendor availability to make offerings and services available for agency

acquisition.

Store - The Store is a simple and personalized shopping experience for researching and acquiring GSA Fleet offerings. The Store provides tools to analyze current fleets, provide best value recommendations for right-sizing and right-sourcing, and helps customers to be great stewards of taxpayer dollars.

Vehicle Management Services (VMS) - VMS provides customers with safe, reliable vehicles and tools to meet their mission. VMS is the face of GSA Fleet for customers.

Maintenance and Repair - The Maintenance and Repair product maintains the safety and reliability of vehicles in order to keep them on the road utilizing technical and industry expertise to make decisions based on best value.

Vehicle Marketplace - GSA Fleet Vehicle Marketplace handles the re-sale or disposal of GSA Fleet vehicles. This is used to remarket government vehicles for the greatest return on investment to the taxpayer.

Business Management - Business Management maximizes the value of taxpayer dollars while ensuring sustainable financial operations of the organization. Business Management helps capture and characterize the financial impact of business activities, in order to inform future decisions.

Accounts: GSAFleet.gov will be used by the GSA Fleet organization, Customer Agencies, Fleet-related vendors and the general public. Registered users will be required to provide:

- First Name
- Last Name
- Email
- Telephone
- Email
- Address
- Agency Code (for government users)
- Bureau Code (for government users)
- Vendor Id (for vendors)

Accidents: GSAFleet.gov collects PII that is required for police reports, third-party insurance, and to recover the expenses for an accident/incident in which a 3rd party is at fault. Data elements collected for accident investigation and recovery include name, geo-location, personal email address, home address, home phone number, driver's license number, vehicle information, insurance information and accident related injuries as required in the SF91 form - https://www.gsa.gov/forms-library/motor-vehicle-accident-crash-report

The data collected on the SF91 will be securely transferred to the Enterprise Document Management System (EDMS). All files will be encrypted during transmission to the EDMS server and at rest. Once the above document is saved in EDMS it is never

removed or deleted unless specifically requested by the Business Line.

In the case of accidents/incidents where non-government 3rd parties are involved, some PII information is captured directly in the system such as Driver's First Name, Middle Initial, Last Name, Home Address (Street Number, City, State, Zip), Home Phone Number, Name of Insurance Company, Address of Insurance Company (Street Number, City, State, Zip), Insurance Company Phone Number, Insurance Policy Number of Driver or Owner for both the driver of the 3rd party vehicle and the owner (if different from the driver). The data is transmitted to Financial Management Enterprise Service Bus (FMESB) [(Office of Chief Financial Officer (OCFO) Pegasys System] through Secured FTP to recover the expenses for an accident/incident in which a non-government 3rd party is at fault. When GSA seeks to recover expenses for an accident/incident in which a 3rd party is at fault a file of requisite data is transmitted to FMESB. The PII information is transmitted for both the driver of the non-government 3rd party vehicle and the owner (if different from the driver). The data is AES-256 encrypted when transmitted to FMESB, which then decrypts the data upon receipt.

Vehicle Sales: The Vehicle Marketplace component of GSAFleet.gov may collect PII as part of the vehicle sales process. Data elements collected during the sales process include Name, Organization and Address of the successful bidder as well as the amount paid.

Additional documents collected during the sales process will be stored on the Enterprise Document Management System (EDMS). All files will be encrypted during transmission to the EDMS server and at rest. Once the above document is saved in EDMS it is never removed or deleted unless specifically requested by the Business Line.

**PIA-0.1:** Is this a new PIA or Recertification request?

New PIA

PIA-0. 1Changes: If you are reviewing this for annual recertification, please confirm if there are any changes in the system since last signed PIA?

Comments				
Question Name	Submitter	Date	Comment	Attachment
PIA-2.1	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Yes, users will be presented a privacy policy at the bottom of the login screen that explains what information is collected and for what reason.	
			For accidents, the individual(s) involved in the accident provide this	

information, whether for purposes of the Motor Vehicle Accident Report (SF91), the police report, or for 3rd party Insurance claims. The Privacy Act Notice is included on Page 3 of the SF91 report. When GSA seeks to recover expenses for an accident/incident in which a 3rd party is at fault, a file of requisite data is transmitted to OCFO. The data is AES-256 encrypted with a specific key supplied by **OCFO Pegasys System** for every 90 days when transmitted to OCFO. who then decrypts the data on their end. The information is collected through an online screen in CARS application by the authorized users and stored in the database for retrieval and sending the data to OCFO Pegasys System.

PIA-1.1 Ankomah, Esther A 2/15/2022

Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. §552a (e) (3) GSA provides what is commonly referred to as a Privacy Act Statement to all persons asked to provide personal information about themselves, which will go into a system of records. FMR 102-34 requires all federal agencies operating a non-tactical vehicle fleet of more than 20 vehicles

			to have an inventory/asset management system to track and account for those vehicles. FPMR Subpart 101-39.4 - "Accidents and Claims" requires federal agencies operating a GSA-leased vehicle to notify the GSA Fleet of an accident and to provide all related documentation.
PIA-1.2	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	No, the system does not have the capability to search using personal identifiers. Accidents are searched for using a government issued accident id or vehicle id for the government vehicle. Sales are searched for using the government issued sales id or vehicle id for the government vehicle.
PIA-1.3	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Not Applicable as the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) does not apply to the information collected.
PIA-1.4	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Done
PIA-3.1	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Addressed
PIA-3.2	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Addressed
PIA-3.3	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Addressed
PIA-3.4	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Addressed
PIA-3.5	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Addressed
PIA-3.6	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Addressed
PIA-4.1	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Yes - the information is limited to only the

			information that is needed to carry out the purpose of the collection
PIA-4.3	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Accidents: Directly from the Driver(s) or any other witnesses.
			Sales: Directly from the bidder or through the Auction House
PIA-4.4	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Addressed
PIA-5.1	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Addressed
PIA-6.1a	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Addressed
PIA-6.1b	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Addressed
PIA-6.2	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	The current LATO is scheduled to expire February 1, 2022.
PIA-6.3	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Addressed
PIA-6.4	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Addressed
PIA-7.1	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Addressed
PIA-7.1Opt	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Addressed
PIA-7.2	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Addressed
PIA-7.3	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Addressed
PIA-8.1	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Addressed
PIA-9.1	Ankomah, Esther A	2/15/2022	Addressed

# 1.0 Purpose of Collection

PIA-1.1:	What legal authority and/or agreements allow GS/maintain, use, or disseminate the information?	A to collect,	Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. §552a (e) (3) GSA provides what is commonly referred to as a Privacy Act Statement to all persons asked to provide personal information about themselves, which will go into a system of records. FMR 102-34 requires all federal agencies operating a non-tactical vehicle fleet of more than 20 vehicles to have an inventory/asset management system to track and account for those vehicles. FPMR Subpart 101-39.4 - "Accidents and Claims" requires federal agencies operating a GSA-leased vehicle to notify the GSA Fleet of an accident and to provide all related documentation.
PIA-1.2:	Is the information searchable by a personal identif a name or Social Security number?	ïer, for example	No
PIA-1.2a:	If so, what Privacy Act System of Records Notice(applies to the information being collected?	s) (SORN(s))	
		PIA-1.2 System Of Record Notice (SORN) CR:	
PIA-1.2 System of Records Notice(s) (Legacy Text):	What System of Records Notice(s) apply/applies t information?	o the	
PIA-1.2b:	Explain why a SORN is not required.		
PIA-1.3:	Has an information collection request (ICR) been approved by the Office of Management and Budge		No
PIA-1.3 Information Collection Request:	Provide the relevant names, OMB control numbers dates.	s, and expiration	

PIA-1.4:

What is the records retention schedule for the information system(s)? Explain how long and for what reason the information is kept.

System records are retained and disposed of according to GSA records maintenance and disposition schedules.

Accident Information is retained indefinitely for research and/or investigatory purposes. Note: Disposition Authority - DAA-GRS-2016-0011-0017 is a document number. See disposition Authority Number: DM-GRS-2016-0011-0017

https://www.archives.gov/files/records-mgmt/rcs/schedules/general-records-schedules/daa-grs2016-0011\_sf115.pdf

## 2.0 Openness and Transparency

PIA-2.1: Will individuals be given notice before the collection, maintenance, Yes

use or dissemination and/or sharing of personal information about

them?

PIA-2. 1Explain: If not, please explain.

### 3.0 Data Minimization

PIA-3.1: Why is the collection and use of the PII necessary to the project or

system?

Accidents: GSAFleet.gov collects PII that is required for police reports, third-party insurance, and to recover the expenses for an accident/incident in which a 3rd party is at fault.

Sales: GSAFleet.gov collects PII that is required for the sale/transfer of government property, as well as to collect the proceeds of the sale.

PIA-3.2:

Will the system, application, or project create or aggregate new data about the individual?

Yes

### PIA-3. 2Explained:

If so, how will this data be maintained and used?

When GSA seeks to recover expenses for an accident/incident in which a 3rd party is at fault. A file of requisite data is transmitted to OCFO. The following PII information is transmitted for both the driver of the 3rd party vehicle and the owner (if different from the driver), but all is submitted by the government employee:

- Driver's First Name,
   Middle Initial. Last Name
- Home Address (Street Number, City, State, Zip)
- Home Phone Number
- Name of Insurance Company
- Address of Insurance Company (Street Number, City, State, Zip)
- Insurance Company Point of Contact
- Insurance Company Phone Number
- Insurance Policy Number of Driver or Owner

The information is collected through an online screen by the authorized users and stored in the database for retrieval and sending the data to OCFO Pegasys System.

PIA-3.3:	What protections exist to protect the consolidated data and prevent unauthorized access?	In accordance with the Federal Information Security Management Act of 2002 (FISMA), every GSA system must receive a signed Authority to Operate (ATO) from a designated GSA official. The ATO process includes a rigorous assessment of security controls, a plan of actions and milestones to remediate any identified deficiencies, and a continuous monitoring program.
		Additionally, GSAFleet.gov defines roles and responsibilities associated with each permission given to the users. Based on that, access is only granted to required users with a need-to-know. Annual Privacy Training provides guidelines for the use of sensitive information. The transactions reports are produced and are available for management review. The roles/permission of a user are reviewed annually and certified by their managers. However, managers may downgrade or remove a user's roles/permissions at any time.
PIA-3.4:	Will the system monitor the public, GSA employees, or contractors?	GSA Employees Contractors
PIA-3. 4Explain:	Please elaborate as needed.	No, GSAFleet.gov is not designed to monitor the public, GSA employees or contractors beyond the ability to log and audit user transactions.
PIA-3.5:	What kinds of report(s) can be produced on individuals?	Standard procedure is for a Police Report and Standard Form 91 (SF91 - Motor Vehicle

Accident Report) to be submitted

for all accidents/incidents,

whether there is a

nongovernment 3rd party involved or not. The SF91 is completed by the government driver. The Police report contains information about both parties involved, and may contain:

- Driver's First Name,
   Middle Initial, Last Name
- State of License / License
   ID Number
- Home Address (Street Number, City, State, Zip)
- Home Phone Number
- Date of Birth / Sex / Name on vehicle registration
- Vehicle Tag Number / Year / Make / Model
- Circumstances / Summary of the Accident

The Police Report and SF91 are sent electronically (i.e., as attachments) to the Accident Management Center's (AMC) inbox. Documents faxed from the police station are converted to digital format and emailed to the AMC account.

The AMC uploads the Police Report and SF91 associated with the specific incident/accident record, however, the system does not store these documents or associated data locally. The system does not store the Police Report in the database. The Police Report is collected in PDF or image format and stored in EDMS. All files are encrypted during transmission to the EDMS

		server.
PIA-3.6:	Will the data included in any report(s) be de-identified?	No
PIA-3. 6Explain:	If so, what process(es) will be used to aggregate or de-identify the data?	
PIA-3.6Why Not:	Why will the data not be de-identified?	None

·	, and the second			
4.0 Limits on U	4.0 Limits on Using and Sharing Information			
PIA-4.1:	Is the information in the system, application, or project limited to only the information that is needed to carry out the purpose of the collection?	Yes		
PIA-4.2:	Will GSA share any of the information with other individuals, federal and/or state agencies, or private-sector organizations?	Private-Sector Organizations		
PIA-4.2How:	If so, how will GSA share the information?	When GSA seeks to recover expenses for an accident/incident in which a nongovernment 3rd party is at fault, a file of requisite data is transmitted to OCFO (after data is transmitted to OCFO (after data is transmitted to OCFO it generally is not sent anywhere else; only in case of fraud or courts it is sent over to GSA IG for investigative purposes). The PII information is transmitted for both the driver of the 3rd party vehicle and the owner (if different from the driver). The data is AES-256 encrypted with a private key updated annually when transmitted to FMESB, which then decrypts the data on their end.		
PIA-4.3:	Is the information collected:	Directly from the Individual		
PIA-4.3Other Source:	What is the other source(s)?			
PIA-4.4:	Will the system, application, or project interact with other systems, applications, or projects, either within or outside of GSA?	Yes		

PIA-4.4Who How:

If so, who and how?

Accidents: The PII data is collected in PDF or image format and stored in the EDMS server using web service call. All PII files are sent securely to EDMS and stored in the EDMS server encrypted. Once transferred to the EDMS server, the information is only accessible by authorized users.

In the case of accidents/incidents where non-government 3rd parties are involved, PII information is captured for both the driver of the 3rd party vehicle and the owner (if different from the driver).

When GSA seeks to recover expenses for an accident/incident in which a nongovernment 3rd party is at fault, a file of requisite data is transmitted to OCFO. The PII information is transmitted for both the driver of the 3rd party vehicle and the owner (if different from the driver). The data is AES-256 encrypted with a private key updated annually when transmitted to FMESB, which then decrypts the data on their end.

PIA-4. 4Formal Agreement:

Is a formal agreement(s) in place?

PIA-4.4No Agreement: Why is there not a formal agreement in place?



### 5.0 Data Quality and Integrity

### PIA-5.1:

How will the information collected, maintained, used, or disseminated be verified for accuracy and completeness?

Accident: It is the responsibility of the individual who provides this information, whether for purposes of the Motor Vehicle Accident Report (SF91), the police report, or for 3rd party insurance claims. Provided this information is verified by the police with the source (an individual) and it is then sent to AMC by the customer. The EDMS users with appropriate permission can update the information through an online screen in the application to fix any erroneous data reported.

Sales: It is the responsibility of the winning bidder or Auction House who provides this information. The system users with appropriate permission can update the information through an online screen in the application to fix any erroneous data reported.

# 6.0 Security

PIA-6.1a:

Who or what will have access to the data in the system, application, or project?

Accidents: GSAFleet.gov is designed to operate based on user profile and permissions. Only users with a need-to-know to perform duties are provided access to PII. User access must be reviewed and certified at least annually.

PIA-6.1b:	What is the authorization process to gain access?	Privacy Risk: GSAFleet.gov users are authorized by Managers with necessary permissions to receive data, files and upload the same into EDMS server. User's permissions are reviewed and certified annually. However, if the EDMS system or GSAFleet.gov database is compromised, then there is potential risk to individuals whose information is stored within the system.  Mitigation: User's roles and permissions are reviewed and
		certified annually. The EDMS server and GSAFleet.gov are secured with monthly scans of the server and any findings are fixed within the required timeframe.
PIA-6.2:	Has a System Security Plan (SSP) been completed for the Information System(s) supporting the project?	Yes
PIA-6.2a:	Enter the actual or expected ATO date from the associated authorization package.	2/1/2022
PIA-6.3:	How will the system or application be secured from a physical, technical, and managerial perspective?	A security controls assessment of GSAFleet.gov has been conducted at the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 199 Moderate Impact level in accordance with National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Special Publication 800-37 Revision 2, "Guide for Applying the Risk Management Framework to Federal Information Systems", and General Services

Administration (GSA) IT Security Procedural Guide CIO-IT Security-06-30, "Managing Enterprise Risk". The system has been assessed by Valiant using the assessment methods and procedures required by the system's assessment process as described in CIO-IT Security-06-30 to determine the level of risk associated with operating the system and the effectiveness of the system's security controls in satisfying the security requirements of the system.

User account requests must be approved by their designated manager. Managers are responsible for applying the correct roles and permissions to their users. All user roles and permissions must be reviewed and certified annually. User access requires multi-factor authentication through OKTA or SSO. The system maintains logs for each and every transaction coming into the system and updates are tracked based on the user profile.

PIA-6.4:

Are there mechanisms in place to identify and respond to suspected or confirmed security incidents and breaches of PII?

Yes

PIA-6.4What:

What are they?

As per the GSAFleet.gov System Security Plan (SSP), GSAFleet.gov has procedures in place for identifying and handling security incidents and privacy breaches. For example, GSAFleet.gov transmits security events to GSA's enterprise-wide Security Information and Event Management (SIEM) monitoring tool. GSAFleet.gov application personnel monitor use of the system. They are responsible for reporting any potential incidents directly to the Information Systems Security Officer. This Officer coordinates the escalation, reporting and response procedures on behalf of GSA.

7.0 Individual Participation

PIA-7.1:

What opportunities do individuals have to consent or decline to provide information?

The GSA Privacy Office develops privacy policies and manages the GSA privacy program. The GSA IT Security Policy and GSA requirements for PIAs, SORNs, Privacy Act Statements, Annual Reviews of system notices ensure that GSA identifies the minimum PII elements that are relevant and necessary to accomplish the legally authorized purpose of collection; limits the collection and retention of PII to the minimum elements identified for the purposes described in the notice for which the individual has provided consent. If consent is not provided by the individual, then the collection of information will not take place.

It is the individual who provides this information, whether for purposes of the Motor Vehicle Accident Report (SF91), police report, or for 3rd party insurance claims or vehicle sales.

Yes

PIA-7.1Opt:

Can they opt-in or opt-out?

PIA-7. 1Explain: If there are no opportunities to consent, decline, opt in, or opt out, please explain.

PIA-7.2:

What are the procedures that allow individuals to access their information?

Individuals have the ability to access their PII maintained in the GSA system(s) of records. GSA publishes CFR Part 105-64 GSA Privacy Act Rules, which governs how individuals may request access to records maintained in a Privacy Act system of records. GSA also provides access procedures in the system of records notices and adheres to Privacy Act requirements and OMB policies and guidance for the proper processing of Privacy Act Requests.

It is the individual who provides this information, whether for purposes of the Motor Vehicle Accident Report (SF91), the police report, or for 3rd party insurance claims or vehicle sales. A GSAFleet.gov user with appropriate permission may provide access to the information. The police report filled out by the individuals involved in the accident/incident is verified by the law enforcement personnel before exchanging with the drivers. No other cross verification is done for nongovernment 3rd party information collected where 3rd party is responsible for the accident

PIA-7.3How:

How do individuals amend information about themselves?

Yes, the police report filled out by the individuals involved in the accident/incident is verified by the law enforcement personnel before exchanging with the drivers. No other cross verification is done for non-government 3rd party information collected where the 3rd party is responsible for the accident.

The GSA Privacy Office develops privacy policies and manages the GSA privacy program. GSA provides a process for individuals to have inaccurate PII maintained by the organization corrected or amended, as appropriate; and, establishes a process for disseminating corrections or amendments of the PII to other authorized users of the PII. such as external information-sharing partners, and where feasible and appropriate, notifies affected individuals that their information has been corrected or amended. More information about PII redress can be found in CFR Part 105-64 GSA Privacy Act Rules.

### 8.0 Awareness and Training

PIA-8.1:

Describe what privacy training is provided to users, either generally or specifically relevant to the system, application, or project.

The GSA Privacy Office develops privacy policies and manages the GSA privacy program. GSA has developed, implemented, and regularly updates, develops, implements, and updates IT Security Awareness and Privacy Training 201, a comprehensive training and awareness strategy aimed at ensuring that personnel understand privacy responsibilities. All GSA account holders electronically sign the GSA Rules of Behavior before taking privacy training exit exams. GSA privacy training includes targeted role-based privacy training for personnel having responsibility for PII and ensures that personnel certify acceptance of responsibilities for privacy requirements.

GSA mandates all employees to complete annual Security and Privacy Awareness Training. It provides training on how to Share Data Securely in a Collaborative Environment.

### 9.0 Accountability and Auditing

PIA-9.1:

How does the system owner ensure that the information is used only according to the stated practices in this PIA?

The GSA Privacy Office develops, disseminates, and updates quarterly FISMA reports and works with other program offices to respond to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), Congress, and other oversight bodies, as appropriate to demonstrate accountability with specific statutory and regulatory privacy program mandates, and to senior management and other personnel with responsibility for monitoring privacy program progress and compliance.

GSAFleet.gov is designed to operate based on user profile and permissions. Access and permissions are based on a need-to-know to perform job duties. User access and related permissions are reviewed and certified annually